Inflexible, Thunderer and Sans Parell are

the two fastest British cruisers affoat, wer the most interesting, and there were thirty-five of the old sorpedo boats. All of the ships had their full complements. ships had their full complements.

The naval craft present flew about 200 pennants, a number of which, but for the size and importance of the vessels, would have seemed lost in the crush of attending steamers and yachts, of every possible description, in every possible condition, from the great Atlantic and Australian liners, cross-channel packets, Norway excursion steamers, Mediterranean cruisers, old saddle boats, dirty tugs and smart yachts, dainty electric launches and fishermen's dinghys, venturesome cances, and many a

rowboat filled with wharf rats.

The decorations of this shipping botchpotch were as variegated as the crafts
they adorned. The stately liners were
trimmed with a near approach to what is
possible in ships, and the long string flags possible in ships, and the long string uage from stem to taffrail showed up very ef-fectively against the morning sky. The smart yachts were daintily beflagged, but not much could be said for the rest. It was therefore a great relief to the eye

when, at 8 o'clock, on signal from the Re-nown, Admiral Sir Nowell Salmon's flag-ship, there broke out on every war vessel a perfect eruption of color. Each ship spread every stitch of bunting it possessed; streamers from every spar and rainbows over all. The flags were mainly signals of the international and naval codes, and their multiform colors added very percep-tibly to an ensemble which was as striking as it was theatrical.

#### Day Opens Threateningly.

After a threatening morning the weather brightened and a brilliant day for the great naval review was promised. The streets were thronged with people at an early hour, and on all sides were to be seen bewildering masses of glittering uniforms, gay multitudes of civilians, military bands and sailors of all ranks and nationalities. The colonial troops arrived at Portsmeuth at 8 o'clock, and were met at the railroad station by a military guard of honor. Then, headed by military bands, they marched to the town hall, where the lord mayor and corporation of Portsmouth, in full robes of office, welcomed the visitors. The soldiers from the colonies received a great normal overtice. Their ceived a great popular ovation. Their march from the station to the town hall and from the town hall to the point of embarkation was nothing less than a triumphal progress.

The American line steamship New York,

with a large party of sightseers on board, left Southampton at 5 o'clock yesterday evening and took up the position assigned to her in the line of special vessels, off Ryde. As the American greyhound trav-ersed the lines of British warships, with the stars and stripes flying proudly and a fine band playing national airs, each warship dipped her flag, and she was greeted with hearty cheers from the many housands of blue jackets manning the fleet. As the New York passed the German warship Konig Wilhelm the latter's band played "Pail Columbia!"

Prince of Wales Arrives The Prince of Wales, accompanied by Admiral H. R. H. the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and Captain H. R. H. the Duke of York; the Princess of Wales and other royalties, with their suites, arrived

at Portsmouth at 1 o'clock. The party immediately proceeded on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, in which forty-one years ago her majesty inspected the fleet, whereupon her royal highness' stand-ard was hoisted. In the royal party were ex-Empress Frederick of Germany, the Duke of Con-naught, the Duchess of Albany and her children, Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Grand Duke Sergius of Russia, Prince Charles of Denmark, in a naval

uniform; Prince Albrecht of Prussia, the Crown Prince of Naples, Grand Duke Francis Ferdinand of Austria, Prince Francis Ferdinand of Austria, Prince Henry of Frussia, Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, Prince Rupert of Bavaria, Prince Mohammed Ali Khan of Egypt, Prince Mohammed Ali Khan of Egypt, Prince Aresugawa of Japan, Prince Danillo of Montenegro, Grand Duke Neyril of Russia, Prince Frederick of Saxony, Prince Eugene of Sweden and Norway, Prince Albert of Wurtemburg, the Duke of Fife, Prince Waldemar of Denmark, Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein, Prince Victor of Schleswig-Holstein, Prince Schaumburg-Lippe, the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strellitz, Prince Edward of of Mecklenburg-Strellitz, Prince Edward of Saxe-Welmar, Prince Ferdinand of Bul-garia, Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg, the Grand Duke of Luxenburg and a large number of other princes and titled person-Leave for Spithead.

After lunch on board, at 2:30 o'clock, the Victoria and Albert, with the principal rayalties, left the harbor for Spithead. She was followed by the yacht Irene, by the Pando, the Carthage and the Elfin, an admiralty yacht; the latter vessels carrying the distinguished visitors. Then came the Enchantress, an admiraly yacht, with the Hon. George J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, and after her the admiralty's yacht Wildfire, with Mr. Chamberlain, the ecretary of state for the colonies, and the She was followed by the Eldarodo, carry-

ing the ambassadors and special envoys, inculding Mr. Whitelaw Reid. Then came the Danube with the members of the house of lords, the Campania with the members of the house of commons, and the Fire the yacht of the commander-inchief at Portsmouth.

## Deafening Salute Fired.

As the Albert and Victoria was seen anproaching the fleet, led by the Renown and echoed by the foreign vessels present, fired a deafening royal salute of twenty-

Simultaneously the blue jackets and ma-rines "manned ship," standing on the iron-clads in solid lines round their outer edges and filling their tops, while on ves-sels of the older type the yards were quickdotted. It was very theatrical and interesting. The Victoria and Albert, follow ed by the other yachts, then steamed through the lines, the sailors heartily cheering, the bands playing "God Save the Queen." The Victoria and Albert after-ward anchored between the Renown and

the foreign war vessels. Immediately the steam launches of the foreign commanders left the sides of their ig ships and made for the Victoria and Albert, on the quarter deck of which the commanding officers were received by the Prince of Wales. This enged the review.

The royal yachts then returned to Ports-After dinner his royal highness and will come out again to the fleet to witness the illuminations.

## CABLED TO TOKIO.

Reply to Japan's Protest Against the Annexation of Hawaii. The reply of the Secretary of State to the

of the Japanese government against the annexation of Hawaii has been forwarded to the Japanese legation here and by them cabled to Tokio. The legation probably will file a supplemental statement upon receiving instructions from the home government. It is expected that this will take some time, as the note of the State Department is worded in a most careful and diplomatic manner, and its meaning is somewhat obscure as to the points raise by the Japanese officials.

## NEW BRIGADIER GENERAL

Col. C. A. Carlton, 8th Cavalry, Nomi nated by the President. The President today sent the following cominations to the Senate:

War-Colonel Caleb H. Carlton, 8th Cavalry, to be brigadier general. Justice-Hiram C. Truesdale of Arize to be chief justice and Fletcher M. Doan,

to be chief justice and Fletcher M. Doan, George R. Davis and Richard E. Sloan, all of Arizona, to be associate justices of the supreme court of the territory of Arizona. Interior—Edward W. Beattle of Montana, to be surveyor general of Montana. Treasury—To be collectors of internal revenue, Michael W. Sutton of Kansas, for the district of Kansas; Herschel S. Harkins of North Carolina, for the fifth district of North Carolina,

district of North Carolina.

Navy-List of naval cadets, graduates of the Navat Academy, nominated to be secand lieutenants, ensigns and assistant en-

ond lieutenants, ensigns and assistant engineers in the ravy.

Postmasters—Francis Norwood, Beverly, Mass.; Edward Haie, Havre de Grace, Md.: Wm. A. Price, Delaware City, Del.; W. W. James, Monterey, Cal.; Lenny C. Gilbert, Oakland, Ill.; Wm. A. Stevens, Columbus, Ind.: Theo. Bailey, Partiand, Ind.; Elias E. Wesseler, Rockport, Ind.; C. E. Gross, Baoaville, Mor. Theo. E. McCrary, Lexington, N. C.; A. S. Ellingson, Northwood, N. ton, N. C.; A. S. Ellingson, North D.; S. W. Willey, Hinton, W. Va.

# LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Excursion Train Crashes Into An Engine at Millersburg, Ohio.

FIVE INJURED, THREE WILL DIE

Railroad People Hold the Only Wire and Keep Back News.

PHYSICIANS CALLED OUT

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 26.-A dispatch from Akron says: "The first section of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus train, having on board the employes of the Goodrich Rubber Company, the Diamond Rubher Company and the Akron India Rubber Company, ran into a Baltimore and Ohio engine at Millersburg this morning. Several people were seriously injured."

Shortly after the wreck occurred a brief dispatch was received at the local offices of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway Company. The dispatch stated that no one was seriously injured.

The employes of the Goodrich Rubber Company at Akron were on their-way-to Hlawatha Park at Mount Vernon for their annual outing. It was not intended to stop at Millersburg, and the train was going through the town at a high rate of speed, when the engineer suddenly discovered a Baltimore and Ohio train on the track ahead of him, standing in front of the depot. He whistled for brakes and applied the air after reversing his engine, but there appeared to be no check on the speed. His train dashed on and struck the Baltimore and Ohio train.

#### Collision Was Terrific,

The collision was terrific. The engineers and firemen of both engines jumped and saved themselves. The Baltimore and Ohio engine was thrown from the track, as well as the baggage car on the colliding train. Both engines were badly wrecked and both baggage cars badly damaged. There were five hundred passengers on board the ex-cursion train and great excitement prevailed.

As nearly as could be learned but five persons were injured.

The blame for the accident has yet to be determined. The C., A. and C. train had the right of way. All the railway officials are very close mouthed about the collision.

Information Held Back. It is almost impossible to get definite information from Millersburg regarding the wreck. The railway officials control the single Western Union wire in the town and are using it for the transmission of their dispatches to the exclusion of spe-

The wrecked train is being hauled back to Akron with the excursionists on board. Authoritative information says that only five persons were badly injured and that three of them will die. All the physicians in Millersburg were called out to care for the injured. Frank Dennis, the engineer of the Baltimore and Ohio engine was the only person on the Baltimore and Ohio

Superintendent J. J. Henry of the C. A and C. has telegraphed an undertaker at Akron to have ambulances at the Union depot at Akron to convey five of the injur ed passengers of the excursion train to the

#### WM. HOEY'S CONDITION WORSE. Actor's Physician Fears His Mental

Ailment is Permanent. NEW YORK, June 26.-William F. Hoey, who arrived here yesterday in a practically demented condition, passed a bad night at the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. M. T. French, in this city. He whistled nd sang, and went through of the part of "Old Hoss," which made

His wife, Mirnie French, known Parlor Match" as "Innocent Kid." is ill. and her condition was made worse by the insane antics of her husband. He failed to recognize her more than once, and that was when he reached the house after his return from Mt. Clemmers. His physician said today that he had not completed his diagnosis of the case, but was sure that it was a mental ailment that threatened to be permanent. Hoey will be kept at home, if possible. If it, becomes necessary, he will be sent to a private sanitarium,

## LUETGERT HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Writ of Habens Cornus Denied th Chicago Alleged Murderer. CHICAGO, June 26.-Adolph L. Luetgert the wealthy sausage manufacturer, accused of murdering his wife and disposing of her body in a vat of acid at his factory, was today refused release on a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Gibbons held him

The prisoner was at once arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty, his attorney, ex-Judge Vincent, asking for an immediate

## BIG WHEAT CROP IN TENNESSEE.

Six Thousand Bushels of the Earliest Marketed Brought 90 Cents. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 26.-The most remarkable wheat crop ever known is now being harvested throughout east Tennessee. The season has been a perfect one, and the farmers had planted an unusually large

crop, and the output will be enormous. Already the sale of new wheat has begun, and six thousand bushels of the first and earliest crop were delivered here today at 90 cents. This is not the price to be paid for all wheat, as the opening quotations are 68 and 70 cents. Shipments to the east will begin next week. The price paid last year at the opening was 60 and 65 cents.

#### EXCITEMENT AT KEY WEST ABATES Danger of a Race War Not So Threat

ening as It Was. KEY WEST, Fla., June 26 .- The excite ment which prevailed here yesterday has mewhat abated and there is little danger of the anticipated race war. There was no organized disturbance during the night. owing probably to the drastic measures taken by the sheriff, who promptly shot down a negro in time to thoroughly awe a gang of colored men which seemed in-

clined to make trouble. The negro was wounded, but it is said not fatally.

The militia are keeping close guard on the jail where Sylvanus Johnson is con-fired, and it seems hardly probable that States troops. Johnson is the negro accused of assaulting Mrs. Margaret Atwell, and the whole trouble arose out of threats made by white men that they would lynch Johnson. yrch Johnson.
The trial of Johnson will be continued

today, and it is possible that there will be some more shooting. The militia, however, have taken good precautions and the sheriff and his men are determined to prevent either the lynching of Johnson or target practice between whites and blacks. Several negroes have been arrested, but not in connection with the killing of Wm. Gardener, over whose murder the whites are still in a dangerously revengeful mood. The negro prisoners are lodged in the jail on the charge of attempt to create a disturbance.

The President has received a mes from Governor Bloxham of Florida stating that the sheriff at Key West wires this morning that the contemplated trouble there did not materialise and that everything there is quiet and orderly.

## BARTLEY FINED \$300,000.

Ex-State Treasurer of Nebraska Alac OMAHA, Neb., June 26.-Ex-State Treasurer Bartley, convicted of embezziement, was sentenced today to twenty years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION.

A reference to the statement be-

lew will show that the circulation sworn to is a bona fide one. It is easily possible for a newspaper with an elastic conscience to swell its legitimate circulation enormously, in order to deceive advertisers, by sending out thousands of papers to newsstands, which are returnable, and which are in fact returned, but nevertheless are included in what purports to be an honest statement of circulation. Intelligent advertisers, however, judge by results, and bogus circula-

tions don't give them. The family circulation of The Star is many thousands in excess of any other Washington paper.

Circulation of The "Eveni	ng Star."
SATURDAY, June 19, 1897	34,91
MONDAY, June 21, 1897	28,62
TUESDAY, June 22, 1897	28,70
WEDNESDAY, June 23, 1897	28,76
THURSDAY, June 24, 1897	28,69
FRIDAY, June 25, 1897	28,50
Total	178,20
Daily average	29,70
I solemnly swear that the above s	statement re

resents only the number of copies of THE EVEN-ING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, June 25, 1897-that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted are returnable to or remain

J. WHIT. HERRON. Cashier Evening Star Newspaper Co.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-sixth day of June, A. D. 1897. FREDERICK A. FENNING. Notary Public, D. C.

#### ATTACKED WITH VERTIGO.

Senator Pettigrew Had to Relinquish His Remarks.

While addressing the Senate this afterncon Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota was seized with what was thought to be paralysis of speech. His voice refused to give utterance, and, after standing a few moments in suspense, he dropped into his seat. He was immediately surrounded by a number of senators, but it was found that there was nothing serious. He quickly re-covered and went out of the Senate chamber for a short rest. It is understood that he suffered a slight attack of vertigo. Senator Pettigrew went into the cloak room, and Senator Deboe, who is a physi-cian, made an examination. He pronounced Senator Pettigraw's case outs certous. He Senator Pettigrew's case quite serious. He said it might be a hemorrhage of the brain though nothing definite could be said. A physician was sent for to attend the senator. He could speak only with difficulty, though in reply to questions said he was not feeling bad.

Dr. Paine, who was summoned to attend Senator Pettigrew, said his illness was caused by a blood clot on the brain, but that there would be no serious results if should be kept free from excitement.

#### THIS AFTERNOON'S GAME.

Inother Large Attendance Looked for

at National Park. The gathering at National Park this afternoon when the first game of the double header between Washington and New York began was a small one in comparison with yesterday's attendance, about 2,500 spec tators being on hand. The lovers of the national game were still coming into the park in large numbers, and an unusually large attendance can be depended upon by the time the second game is called.
Seymour and Warner were the Giants' attery and King and Farrell a the Senators in that capacity. Earl Wag-ner emphatically denied all rumors re-garding a trade of players, saying there

was no deal at present on the carpet, and no propositions expected. Van Haltren, the first man to face Kirg, hit a sharp one to Demont., who threw wildly to first, Van taking second. Tiernan sacrificed him to third. Joyce's out brought Van over the plate with the Giants' first run. Davis made a pretty bunt towar third, and easily reached first. Tucker ha the ball on Davis, but Lynch failed to see

Gleeson hit to right, the ball bounding high to O'Brien, Davis going to second. Both runners were left, Warner going out-Demont to Tucker.

Little Wrigley was given a great send-off when he walked to the plate and faced Seymour for the Senators' first term at the bat. Zeke missed three good ones, but Warner dropped the ball, and he had to e thrown out at first. Selbach went ou in exactly the same way, and Demont made the third hand out. Short to first. Big Bill Clark started the second inning. but did not see first, going out, Reilly to Tucker. Holmes followed with a hit to Brien and Tucker shut him off Rolls made a nice stop of Seymour's grounder, but threw wildly to first. A wild pitch sent Seymour to second, but he got no further, Van Haltren flying out to Wrig-

Farrell batted right-handed against the New York southpaw and sent a cracking single to center. Tucker then worked in a base on balls and the spectators got on heir feet and yelled. Reilly played the game by shoving both unners up a base on a scraper to third.
Abbey then hit to Gleeson and Farrell was

thrown out at the plate. O'Brien also went out, second to first. CLEVELANDS WILL NOT TRANSFER.

M. E. Robison Says He Will Still Fight for Sunday Ball. MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 26.-M. E. Robison, one of the owners of the Cleveand base ball club, who is now in this city, denies the report that the Cleveland club is to be transferred to Milwaukee. He says he will not leave the Ohio city unless he is beaten in the courts on Sunday base ball. In that event Milwaukee would be his first choice.

would be his first choice.

He also denies the report that he had traded Catcher Cregier and Blake for Pitcher Jones. Jones has been purchased by the Cleveland club, but will not join the team until the end of the season. Blake has been sold to the Milwaukee club, but there s no deal for Cregier.

## JOHN S. MOYER ARRESTED.

Representative of New York House Charged With Embessiement. CHICAGO, June 26 .- John S. Moyer, book keeper and cashier of the New York Insulated Wire Co., has been indicted on a charge of embezzlement and larceny. He is under arrest, unable to procure the bond,

\$21,000 being required.

Moyer has been in the employ of the company since 1803, and was practically in charge of the Chicago branch of the concern. The amount of the alleged embezzlement is said to be about \$10,000.

## PRINTING OFFICE CHANGES.

the Public Printer. The public printer has made the following probationary appointments through the civil service commission:

Pressmen, \$4 per diem-Melvin M. Beight Harry R. Wimsatt and Edward J. Duff. District of Columbia; John K. Bishop, Fred A. Anderson, John B. Gervais, New York;

A. Anderson, John B. Gervais, New York; Edward J. Kane, Pennsylvania.

Compositors—Chas. W. Henshaw, Chas. O. Doten, Chas. P. Rhodes, Samuel W. Taylor, Oble K. Johnson, Frank A. Schwing, Chas. E. Rudy, Oscar V. Shomo, John A. Handiboe, Frank P. Klopper, Wm. E. Lewis and Chas. B. Hough, all of the District of Columbia.

The public printer has also reinstated, as sewers, Mrs. Margaret Whaley, Mrs. Seckaner Bryan and Mrs. Sarah M. Cornell, soldiers' widows, and Mrs. Annie M. Stockham, under the one-year rule.

Frank H. Hambright has been promoted from compositor to proofteader.

Taking Up Tarrist Bill Clauses Origisally Passed Over. ON SUGAR STATISTICS Accuracy of Secretary Carlisle's Figures: Questioned.

The attendance of senators was very meager, and as the tariff bill was about to be taken up Mr. Vest (Mo.) called attention to the absence of a quorum. At that time there were nine senators on the republican side and fourteen on the democratic side. This was increased during the call to thirtyfive—ten short of a quorum.

THE PAGIFIC RAILROADS

The sergeant at arms was thereupon in tructed, on motion of Mr. Vest, to request the presence of senators, and in the mean time business came to a halt. After a wait of fifteen minutes a quorum

as secured and business proceeded.

Mr. Harris (Kan.) presented the report of he Pacific railroads agreed to by the committee on Pacific railroads yesterday. He also presented a report giving the views of himself and Senators Morgan and Rawlins, which was not agreed to by other members f the committee Mr. Harris read the report in full, the main features of which were published in

The Star yesterday.

Mr. Morgan (Ala.), who concurred in the report, said the situation demanded immediately. ate action by the Senate, as the agreement made by the executive branch relative to the sale of the road on forced foreclosure

the sale of the road on forced foreclosur at a minimum price was about to be con summated. He therefore announced that Monday next he would ask the Senate to consider the subject. Mr. Morgan also se-verely criticised the course of the govern-ment authorities.

Mr. Allison (Iowa), in charge of the tariff bill, said he hoped the Alabama senator would take no action tending to delay the pending bill, as it was most desirable to get the tariff bill into conference. He would, therefore, feel compelled to resist taking up any other business until the tariff bill wa The resolution then went to the calendar

The tariff bill was then taken up. Mr. Allison expressed readiness to go on with the leather paragraphs, but in view of the absence of Mr. Smith of New Jersey, who had a speech on the subject, leather over.
The consideration of the bill was ther resumed at the beginning, for the purpos of going through it a second time and pass ing on the paragraphs heretofore passes

The first clause, fixing the date when the bill is to go into effect, went over, Mr. Allison stating that it was impossible at

present to insert the date.

A contest arese over paragraph 1, acids.

Mr. Allison asked to restore sallcylic acid
to the dutiable list. Mr. Vest resisted this
at considerable length. The amendment was agreed to, 30 to 20.
At this point an incidental reference to
he sugar schedule occurred. A letter from the Secretary of the Treasury gave infor-mation as to certain drawbacks. In this connection Mr. Caffery (La.) took occasion

connection Mr. Caffery (La.) took occasion to explain statements he had made that the official information furnished by Secretary Carlisle as to the amount of raw sugar required to make a pound of refined sugar had come from the sugar refiners. His information, the said, had come from the treasury official who was recognized as the sugar expert. While involving no personal reflections, yet it established that the treasury reports came from sugar refineries either belonging to the trust or under the influence of the trust.

Mr. Lindsay (Ky.) stated he had formerly said that its friend from Kentucky (Secretary Carlisle) had necessarily derived this information from the refiners, which how appeared to be established.

Mr. Allison caused some amusement by saying his only desire had been to protect the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Carlisle, from the reflections of the senators from Kentucky and Louislana (Lindsay and Caffery). 3 His information was that the

from Kentucky and Louisiana (Lindsay and Caffery). This information was that the Secretary's figures were based on reports from the New York customs experts.

Mr. Caffery disclaimed that any personal reflection was thvolved, and at length argued that the official figures on which the sugar schedule was based were corrected. he sugar schedule was based were

the sugar schedule was based were erro-necus, "and on this erroneous basis this whole schedule was predicated."

The senator said he did not know what "cast iron agreement" existed as to this schedule, now and in conference, but the committee itself cught to pause and in quire into the figures on which the schedul

was based.

After this diversion the Senate came back to the detailed consideration of the

Mr. White (Cal.) stated that when coal was taken up he would propose an amend-ment allowing a drawback of duty on coal used by American steam vessels. Mr. Allison said this would be acceptable the finance committee, the change

to the finance committee, the change having been in contemplation.

Paragraph 7½, bleaching powder, again went over at Mr. Spooner's request.

In paragraph 14, coal tar and dyes or color, not specially provided for, the ad valorem was increased from 25 to 30 per cent, and on all other products of coal tar, not medicinal, the ad valorem was increased from 15 to 20 per cent. tar, not medicinal, the ad vale increased from 15 to 20 per cent. A substitute for paragraph 16 was inserted, making the rates on collodion and compounds of pyroxylin, 50 cents, 40 cents and 65 cents, according to grade, the last grade carrying 25 per cent ad valorem in addition.

addition.

In paragraph 22, gelatin, glue, isinglass and fish glue, the House rate of 2½ cents per pound was restored on the grade valued not above 10 cents per pound; the other rates remaining as reported.

In paragraph 38, olive oil, &c., the committee rate was increased from 25 to 40. mittee rate was increased from 35 to 40 cents, with a new proviso on olive oil in bottles, cans, &c., 50 cents per gallon.

There were protests on this change from Messrs. Vest and Jones and a speech from Mr. Perkins (Cal.) on the olive oil product of California

of California. or Cantornia.

Paragraph 47 was changed, making the rates on ochre, &c., crude, 1/2 cent; powdered, 1/2 cent; ground in oil, 1/2 cents per

agreed to as reported, with a change of dity to 3½ cents per pound.

In paragraph 58, phosphorus, the duty was changed to 15 cents per pound.

In paragraph 74½ a proviso was added making arsenate of soda 1½ cents per While these changes were going on My

While these changes were going on Mr. Vest made frequent remarks in a humorous vein. On soda used in soap Mr. Vest made an amusing speech, and the extent to which it was used by democrats.

After a long contest the changes in paragraph 74½ were agreed to 30-20.

In paragraph 31, vanillin, the duty was changed to 30 cents per ounce.

A new paragraph (30½) was inserted, vis.: Tonoquin er tonka beans, 50 cents per pound; vapilla beans, 12; vanilla beans known as outs. 1.

In paragraph 33, clays or earths, the duty relating to China clay or kaolin was changed from \$2, to \$3 per ton. The House clause on bauxile was restored and limestone rock asphaltum inserted at 50 cents per ton. per ton.
On moting of Mr. Platt (Conn.) of the finance computities, fullers' earth, wrought or manufactured, was added to paragraph

Mr. Petilgrew Overcom This precipitated a lively controversy b tween Mr. Platt and Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.), which carrie to an impressive climax when Mr. Pettigrew-was overcome in the midst

Mr. Pettigrew was overcome in the midst
of a venement speech.
The South Dekots sepator had proposed
as amendment, adding fullers carth, unwrough; or unmanufactured 12 per ton.
He referred to the amendment secured
by Mr. Platt and to the advantage of heing
on the finance committee as a means of
adding a little refining mill in Codinecticut,
while the producers of fullers' earth were
left out in the cold.

"I wonder" he exclaimed passionately,

The Proposed Congressional Base Ball Match. Senator Clark is Arranging It-Pro-

ceeds to Go to Some Local

Charitable Object.

Senator Clark of Wyoming is arranging a big base ball contest between the House and Senate, to take place when the tariff bill is in conference. Senator Clark says that he thinks there will be no difficulty in securing players for each side, and he is sure the game will be one of the greates ever played in this country. The proposition is to play the game at National Base Ball Park, and to devote the proceeds to charitable institutions or charitable pur-

The question of a game between the two houses came up last night in a controversy between Senator Clark and Representative Jones of Washington, and a challenge was immediately issued by Senator Clark and accepted by the Washington representa-

poses in the District of Columbia.

Senator Clark has been busy today arranging the team that will represent the Senate, and has so far succeeded in getting the whole or partial consent of nine senators to take part in the game.

Senator Clark says that he is satisfied that he will be able to take at least four-teen senators on the field. How many will be brought away is a question that is no agitating the senatorial base ball enthus asts. The nine men who have given either whole or partial consent to playing are Senators Thurston, Allen, McLaurin, Roach, (Mason, Turner, Hansbrough, Petti-

grew nd Clark.
Senator Clark is now dickering with other enators so as to secure the flower of the Senate in this great contest. He has not yet approached Senator Tillman, but is anxious to secure the South Carolina senator as pitcher or to do business on the ceach line. He is fully satisfied that Sen-ator Tillman will be able to throw rocks, if

not the pigskins.

A number of the senators who have already consented to play have signified their preference for places on the team. Sen-ator Thurston, one of the greatest base ball ator Thurston, one of the greatest base ball enthusiasts in the Senate, wants first base; Senator McLaurin wants to catch; Senator Roach wants right field; Senator Mason second base; Senator Turner wants a field place, as he is a good sprinter, and Senator Pettigrew is said to want any position which will put him as far away from the ball as possible. The probability is that if Senator Mason plays second base Senator Allen will play third, thus giving two men on second and third bases that the opposing teams would not be able to get around.

Senator McLaurin is one of the youngest

Senator McLaurin is one of the youngest members on the team, and was formerly a well-known catcher on his college team. Among other senators who were ball play ers in their younger days, and who are often to be seen at the National League games, are Senators Heitfeldt, Mallony, Smith, Murphy, Gorman and Cannon. Senator Gorman frequently refers to the fact that he played ball in his boyhood days on the let book of the White House and that he played ball in his boyhood days on the lot back of the White House and around the Washington monument.

Aside from the money which might be raised from the game, Senator Clark says that the Senate proposes to uphold its prowess and pristine glory and to knock out some of the assumed superiority of that body on the other side of the house against which it is unparliamentary to re-

Senator Thurston says that some limitations to the game will have to be arranged. He says that the team which makes over thirty-three runs in one inning ought to be counted out for that inning. He is also in favor of chest-protectors for all the players, but does not believe that any of them ought to be allowed buckets in which to catch the ball.

against which it is unparliamentary to re-

As stated, the game is seriously proposed, and will in all probability take place, but there is, nevertheless, a great deal of amusement on the Senate side. There has been more base ball talk in the lobbies today than tariff talk in the Senate chamber.

Guessing at the House Team. that, and could not be seen this afternoon. Among the prominent members of the House, however, who greatly enjoy a ball game, and are known as rooters for their respective cities, are Messrs. Payne, Sher-man and Bennett of New York; Gen. Grosvenor of Ohio, and Mr. Cooper of Texas. Gen. Grosvenor is a Cincinnati enthusiast, and whenever that team plays in Washington he is to be seen at the game at all times. Speaker Reed is a great lover of the national game, and often goes to National Park. While he might not play on the House team, it is said that he would probably like to umpire the game. In that event, the Senate would be in serious dan-ger of upholding its boast of defeating the House team. Senator Clark says he has not the least doubt of the Senate to win. The details o fthe game, with a correct list of the players, will be made public in time for everybody to know exactly what to expect. Owing to the formidable proportions of Senators Mason. Allen and others

to secure a cool day.

Will Be Worth Opera Prices. The rate of admission has not been decided upon, but it is felt that the attraction will be worth at least two or three dollars a head. To allow admission, however, for everybody who wants to see the game

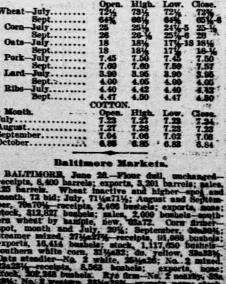
that high rate will hardly be fixed. Some years ago an effort was made to arrange a contest between the House and Senate, and the arrangements progressed to a certain point, when the dignified Sen-ate abruptly withdrew, only five or six senators consenting to stick. The House was perfectly willing to play. Since then the age of the members of the Senate has been considerably lowered, and a large number of young men are now to be found in that body who do not consider the playing of the national game any reflection upon

Got the Contract.

Mr. Lewis Hopfemaier of this city has been awarded the contract for taking the waste paper from the government printing office for the year ensuing from July 1.
Mr. Hopfemaier was the highest bidder.
The amount involved, will, it is expected, be about 1,800 tons.

Government Bonds. Quotations reported by Corson & Macart-Grain and Cotton Markets.

Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1427 F st., members New York



# SKIPPED PARAGRAPHS GREATEST ON RECORD FINANCE AND TRADE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Bears Had Control of Wall Street During Morning Hours.

ABSORPTION BRINGS A REACTION

Net Advances Were Scored by Several Stocks in the End.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, June 26.-The professional trading element was decoyed into selling the market this morning because of its disregard for conditions not wholly visible on the surface of the situation. Gold exports were exaggerated and the treasury's purpose to advance the rate on gold bars was construed into an argument against an advance in prices.

The opening hour reflected a degree of weakness not equaled at any time during the week. This was entirely the result of profit taking and professional selling for a turn.

The willingness to absorb these offerings at the decline subsequently became so marked that the early sellers became doubly active in the opposite account. The short interest covered a liberal proportion of its outstanding obligations and ended the day with a marked preference for the long account. Net advances were recorded in all the

stocks taking an active part in the day's transactions. The most conspicuous feature of the day was Rock Island, in which ture of the day was Rock Island, in which a gain of 2½ per cent was recorded. The interview with the president of this road, to-which reference has previously been made, was the chief incentive to this activity. The doubling of the present dividend rate is said to be a probability during the present year, possibly at the next regular disbursement period.

The condition of the company's treasure.

The condition of the company's treasury would justify this action without overstepping the bounds of conservative management. An increase of \$118,496 in St. Paul' net earnings for May helped to extend the growing confidence in the future of the Early in the coming week Burlington is expected to add its quota to the incentive to higher prices.

The opportunity for advancing the prices of the low-priced issues is becoming generally recognized by experienced financiers. It is thought that important developments in this respect will be recorded during the next fortnight.

next fortnight.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred and Northern Pacific preferred are thought to have been already selected for a movement to utilize the surplus strength of more deserving issues.

Unusual facitities for imitation frequently overcomes a lack of intrinsic merit.

The present financial situation is founded on optimism, and is likely to continue to discount the future without more than casual regard for the difficulties of the

The short account is making no new friends, and the loyalty of its old ones is destined to become rulnous. The industrial department, while a fea-ture of almost secondary importance, is at-tracting buying of the right sort. Chicago Gas is advancing steadily, and may make rapid strides during the coming week be-cause of the probable failure to authorize competition at next Monday's council meet

Sugar is a mystery to all save the strong

buying interest. Its ability to earn at least I per cent a month is not disputed by a class of operators whose money is rarely pledged to the support of doubtful enter-The bank statement reflects an increase of over \$3,000,000 in loans, and an increase of over \$2,000,000 in cash. The net result brings the total surplus up to \$29,239,150.

## PINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The following are the opening, the highes and the lowest and the closing prices of th New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway.

American Spirits... American Spirits, pfd... American Sugar.... American Sugar, pfd... American Tobacco. 124% American Cotton Olt.... Atchison & Onio Baltimore & Onio Bay State Gas.
Canada Southern Canada Pacific Cheesen Chicago, B. & Q .... Chicago, St. Paul, M.&O Consolidated Gas..... 165% Del . Lack. & W ..... Den. & Rio Grande, pfd. General Electric.
Illinois Central.
Lake Shore. Michigan Central... Missouri Pacific..... Northern Pacific...... Northern Pacific, pfd... Ont. & Western..... 14% Pacific Mail..... Phila & Reading...... 10% 28% 5% 58% Tenn. Coal & Iron.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—Lanston Mono-type, 100 at 12%; 50 at 12%; 10 at 12%; 15 at 12%; 7 at 12%.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year fund 5s, 108 bid. 30-year fund 6s, gold, 112 bid. Water stock 7s, 1901, eurrency; 113% bid. Water stock 7s, 1903, currency, 114% bid. 3.65s, funding, currency, 110 bid, 112 asked.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 116 bid. Metropolitan Railroad certificates of indebtedness. A, 110 bid. Metropolitan Railroad certificates of indebtedness, B, 108% bid. 110 asked. Belt Railroad 5s, 60 bid, 80 asked. Exkington Rail-coad 6s, 80 bid. Columbia Railroad 6s, 116 bid. Washington Gas Company 6s, series A, 113 bid. Washington Gas Company 6s, series B, 114 bid. Chesapeake and Potonac Telephone 5s, 102% bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F, and A, 100 bid. shington Market Company ext. 6s, 108 ic Hall Association 5s, 103 bid. attean Bank Stocks.—Bank of Wash, 360 asked. Bank of the Republic.

Field Day for Office Seekers at the Executive Mansion.

Coming Diplomatic Appointments The President Has Nearly Com-

> Today was field day at the White House for the office seekers. Among the number who had personal is

pleted His Slate.

terviews with the President was Mr. Sam uel Randall, son of the great democratio protectionist of Pennsylvania, who desires to serve his country as a consul. Mr. Wm. C. Chase, the colored editor, was also there with a number of colored friends. To a Star reporter who asked him what he was after Mr. Chase jocosely said: "I want to be minister to Dahomey." Mr. Smith, another colored politician of the District, accompanied a number of colored residents of this city. He declined to say what offices they sought, dismissing the subject with the remark that there was orly one local federal office left—that of the marshalship— and he had no idea what would be done

The New York Appointments. Senator Platt was on hand again this morning, and it is understood the President ssured him that his wishes would be fully respected in making the federal appointments in New York. The President has practically decided upon the men for the vacant offices of collector of customs and naval officer at the port of New York, and it is expected that they will be nominated early next week. More time will be taken n making the changes in the other offices in the empire state.

Other senators who had audiences with Other senators who had audiences with the President during the forenoon, presumably in regard to appointments in their states, were Senators Davis, Hawley, Wetmore and Thurston. The constituents of those statesmen had better keep a close watch on the nominations made within the next few days, as it is likely they will see some names they have an interest in.

Mr. Robert P. Porter, one of the aposties of protection, had a short talk with the President, but Secretary Porter said it had no reference to appointments. Mr. Charles G. Dawes of Ilinois, who will succeed Mr. Eckels, as controller of the currency, or the expiration of his term of office, dropped in for

office, dropped in for a short chat with the President, with whom he is an especial favorite.

Admiral Walker and General Breckinridge, representing the Sons of the Revolution, extended a personal invitation to the
President to attend the society's celebration of the Fourth of July at the Washington monument, and the President said he
would if he could possibly do so.

Coming Diplomatic Selections. It is learned at the White House that the resident has nearly completed his slate of diplomatic appointments still at his disposal, and that numbers of them will be nominated to the Senate in a short time. The list of diplomatic places subject to change is much larger than has been generally supposed by the unitiated. It includes the missions at the capitals of the Argentine Republic, Bolivia, China the Central American states, Ecuador, Greece, Corea, Liberia, Persia, Russia, Siam, Sweden and Norway, Uruguay and Paraguay and Venezuela. It is semi-officially stated that changes will be made shortly in a large majority of these places. Consequently there need le no surprise if a few diplomatic appointments are made as early as next week. The probabilities are that Minister Breckiardige at St. Petersburg will be among the very last of the democratic incumbents to be disturbed. The President has a high-opinion of his character and ability. There is excellent ground for the assertion that Mr Rockfull, late assistant secretary of state, will be appointed to an important diplomatic position.

One of the earliest diplomatic Argentine Republic, Bolivia, China the

One of the earliest diplomatic appointments looked for is that of minister to Nicaragua and other Central Americates. This is regarded as an exception ly important mission, because of its rela-tion to the Nicaragua canal complications. The President desires a first-class man for the place, and is giving great care to his selection. The proposed annexation of Ha-wall gives the United States great interest in the canal, as it may have an important wait gives the Cunied states great interesting the canal, as it may have an important bearing upon the commercial development of the island republic. Mr. Hiram Hitchcock, president of the Nicaragus Canal Company, is in the city looking after the interests of that corporation, and has coninterests of that corporation, and has conferred with the authorities in reference to the appointment of the diplomatic repre o make known the name of his candidate. Capt. Merry of San Francisco is making a strong fight for the place, but his op-

ponents assert that his chances are slim, because of the fact that he was formerly consul general of Nicaragua to the United An important nomination that may be made in a few days is that of Judge James K. Richards of Ohio as solicitor general, in place of Mr. Hoimes Conrad, who has arranged to relinquish his office on the 1st proximo. Judge Richards is an intimate friend of the President, and his appointment is regarded as a personal one

ment is regarded as a personal one Call From Commissioner Calhoun. Judge Calhoun, the President's special commissioner to Cuba, also spent a few minutes with the President today. He expected to leave here yesterday for his home in Illinois, but deferred his departure until this evening. He merely called to say farewell and to inform the President that he would give serious consideration to his kind offer to appoint him controller of the treasury, and would wire him his decision as soon as he has had an epportunity to

consult his business associates on the sub Mr. Calhoun also called on Secretary Gage, at the Treasury Department, and told him he still had the matter under atnent. His deliberation in the matter has led to the impression that he will de-cline the appointment on the ground that he cannot afford to surrender his present lucrative law practice.

He has closed up the official business that took him to Cuba, but holds himself

in readiness to return to Washington at any time the President or the Secretary of State may desire to consult further with him on the subject. Minister to Switzerland. Mr. J. G. A. Flieschman, who has been appointed envoy extraordinary and min ister plenipotentiary to the republic of witzerland, has notified the President that he will start for his post at an early date. He was at the State Department today examining the correspondence on the pending business of his mission, and receiving fina

nstructions, preparatory to his departure SPECIAL AGENT HAWLEY'S REPORT

Official Narrative of the Troubles

the Tongue River Agency. The final report on the troubles which near the Tongue River, Mont., Indian agency last month, when the Northern Cheyennes threatened to go on the war path, reached the Interior Department today in the shape of a summing up of an investigation made by Special Indian by Secretary Bliss. He says the station by Secretary Bliss. He says the stationing of two troops of cavalry at the agency
from Custer has proved effective, and
urges that they be kept there for some
time as a measure of needed precaution.
The civil authorities had arrested one
Indian when the special agent arrived at
Miles City, and they have since arrested
two more. Other arrests are expected.
While one has confessed the murder, the
authorities believe others also were connected with it. The civil authorities announce their intention to leave no stome nected with it. The civil authorities announce their intention to leave no stone unturned to ferret out the case. The report says the clash between the civil authorities and the agent, Capt. Stouch, which created unpleasant developments during the eacitement, has bown over, and they are now

One of the female prisoners in the Po-lice Court cells this afternoon was at-tacked with spasses. As ambulence was summoned, and the patient removed to a hospital for treatment.